FAQs - ALLIED, PUBLIC HEALTH, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PAY EQUITY CLAIM

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October 2022

# **UNDERSTANDING PAY EQUITY**

### **What is ‘Pay Equity’?**

Pay equity is about people in female dominated professions and people in male dominated professions receiving the same pay for doing jobs that are different, but of ***equal value***. That is, jobs that require similar levels of skills, responsibility, and effort.

### **What is the cause of pay inequity?**

Here’s a quick breakdown:

Lots of health work has historically been considered “women’s work” and has therefore been associated with skills or qualities that are considered to be ‘less valuable’ than work that involves traits considered to be more ‘masculine’.

Over time, this means that health jobs that involve these skills or have been dominated by women have been consistently paid less than male dominated professions - even if the skills, responsibilities, qualifications and other factors are comparable. This has created significant inequities between jobs that should have been paid similarly.

### **What does ‘value’ mean?**

This is one of the most important concepts in our Pay Equity claim. Value is about measuring your work according by all of the skills that go into it - not just the stated duties and qualifications.

The value of your work includes things like (but is not limited to):

* Nature of the work.
* Level of responsibility.
* Other risk.
* Output
* Level of qualification.
* Physical impact.
* Mental impact.
* Working conditions.
* Work environment.

Our Pay Equity process aims to create an objective summary of all of these things (and more), and assigns points to them to determine the level of undervaluation in your role. Because many of these elements have historically not been measured, this process could have a significant impact on your pay.

### **Is Pay Equity different from Equal Pay/Pay Parity?**

Yes. It is also different from the gender pay gap, ethnic pay gap, equal employment opportunities, and many other concepts that you might be familiar with - though our Pay Equity claim does have the potential to have a big impact on all of these concepts in the Allied Health professions!

The key difference is that Pay Equity is the only process that is based on measuring the **value** of your work.

### **Will my qualification still be taken into account?**

Yes. The qualifications required to do your job will still be an important part of assessing the value of your work. The big difference is that there will also be a large number of other factors that will assessed alongside your qualifications for the first time. (See “What does value mean?” question).

### **Are men included in the Pay Equity claim?**

Yes. Even though pay inequities are a result of gender based pay discrimination, it impacts everyone in the Allied Health professions. This means that everyone in Allied Health is covered by this claim, regardless of gender.

# **THE PROCESS**

### **When will the work be completed?**

The Allied MECA settlement included a number of provisions relating to Pay Equity, including a settlement date of April 29th 2023. We are still aiming to complete the process by that date, but with a process of this size and complexity it is possible that the timeline could be extended beyond April.

However, if this does happen then the negotiated date is still important, as we will be able to use it for leverage in our negotiations.

### **How does the claims process work?**

We have prepared a detailed summary of the Pay Equity process, [which you can find here.](https://www.psa.org.nz/assets/How-the-Pay-Equity-process-works.pdf)

[Click here](https://www.psa.org.nz/assets/How-the-Pay-Equity-process-works-accessible.docx) for an accessible version of this document.

[Click here](https://www.psa.org.nz/assets/Pay-Equity-claim-process-A3.pdf) for an A3 poster breaking down the process.

### **What is a comparator?**

A comparator is a person who is doing work that may be of a similar value but in a role that is mostly performed by men. We look at what skills, demands and responsibilities are needed for the comparator roles and look at their working conditions to establish if the work is comparable.

Once we have established this, we compare the roles and their salaries, and analyse that information to determine the extent of undervaluation for your role.

Because this is based on **value** and not just standard duties and qualifications,some comparator roles might look quite similar to your role and some could look totally different. For instance, in our Admin/Clerical Pay Equity claim we used Mechanical Engineers as a comparator!

### **What are the comparators for my role?**

We are using around 20 comparator roles in this claim. The comparator roles will be confidential until the offer is brought out for ratification (voting).

### **Will different specialisations within a profession be taken into account?**

This is a complex question, which has several answers:

1. Firstly, we need to change our thinking - we are not just considering the basic duties of a position any more, we are considering the **value** - which means that a large number of other factors will now be used to measure your role. Even if two different specialties within a profession do different duties, our process could still show that they are similar in terms of value.
2. If the assessment shows that there are significant differences in terms of value between different specialisations, then this will be reflected in the settlement.
3. We can’t let perfect get in the way of good. If our aim was to produce a settlement that was perfect, then we will be doing this work for decades to come. With this settlement, we will be producing the foundations of a system that will destroy gendered pay inequities and see Allied Health professionals being paid based on their **value** for the first time. We will then be able to refine and perfect this process through the Pay Equity maintenance mechanisms that we are required to include in the settlement to ensure that we maintain Pay Equity over time.

### **Are other unions/ non-union members involved?**

Yes they are. The Equal Pay Amendment Act (2020) requires all workers in a profession covered by a Pay Equity claim to be included in the settlement. This means:

* That APEX is also a co-party to the claim.
* That people who are not a member of any union are covered by the claim.

The PSA represents over 11,000 Allied Health professionals and is leading the campaign for Allied Pay Equity. As we move towards settlement, we will be engaging with the small number of non-union members to discuss the benefits of becoming members of their union.

# **OUTCOMES OF PAY EQUITY**

### **How much of a pay increase am I going to get?**

At this point (October 2022) we do not have enough data to understand what increases might be received.

Almost everyone will receive a pay increase. However, it is also likely that different occupations will get different pay increases.

This is because Pay Equity is not about negotiating the same increase for everyone (eg. everyone gets 5%, everyone gets $5700). It is about understanding and correcting the level of historical undervaluation of your role. It is likely that the level of undervaluation is not uniform across every occupation, and therefore the increases will differ across occupations.

This also has the potential to significant disrupt pay relativities. For instance, if you have historically been paid the same as another occupation, or you have always been paid a certain percentage more or less than another occupation - this might not look the same after settlement. This is because these historical relativities may also have been incorrect when it comes to the value of Allied occupations.

This represents a paradigm shift in you look at how your pay is measured. This will be a challenging concept for a lot of people and could also produce some really surprising outcomes. It’s really important that you engage with your PSA Allied Pay Equity Advocate to ensure you understand this process.

### **Will Pay Equity get rid of CASP/merit?**

The Pay Equity process does have the potential to significantly reform or abolish Merit steps. In the PSA Admin/Clerical Pay Equity settlement we were able to remove Merit completely. We do not yet know if the outcomes of the Allied process will be similar but we will continue to engage with members about this as our understanding develops.

### **Will the outcomes differ depending on the location of your District?**

The outcomes of the Pay Equity claim will be based on the value of your occupation, not your location. Therefore, they would only differ between Districts if our assessment process showed a significant difference between the work undertaken by the same roles in different parts of the country.

# **OUR CAMPAIGN**

### **Can we take strike action over Pay Equity?**

No. Pay Equity is governed by a different piece of legislation (Equal Pay Act 1972) to MECA bargaining (Employment Relations Act 2000). The Equal Pay Act 1972 does not contain any provisions for industrial action.

This means that if we do have a dispute over Pay Equity (this is not a given), we need to think about how to demonstrate our collective power without industrial action. We want to know what you think is the best way to do this in your individual workplaces. If you have ideas, please contact your local Allied Pay Equity Advocate!